Approved For Release 2002/08/07: CIA-RDP82-00457R004900280006-6 CLASSIFICATION SLCH CONTROL/U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY REPORT NO. REPORT INFORMATION 25X1A CD NO. COUNTRY Germany (Russian Zone) DATE DISTR. 22 May 1950 SUBJECT Fine Wire Mesh Production NO. OF PAGES 25X1A PLACE NO. OF ENCLS. ACQUIRED URN TO CIA LIBRARY DATE OF SUPPLEMENT TO 25X1X REPORT NO. INFO. A meeting was neld at the Tewa Plant in Weustatt/Orla (2 51/3 84) on 10 January 1950. The managers of all wire weaving plants involved in the production program were present. Representatives of the Soviet Control Commission were: Sobolev, Deputy of the General Audenko, Chief Engineer Mrs, Sharniki, allegedly from the Berlin Branch of the Soviet Foreign Trade Ministry in Moscow, and two minor officials not known to source. a. The spokesman of the Poviets was Sobolev. He first announced that firms would receive no reparation orders during 1950. The new order would be given by the Soviet Forcign Trade Ministry . On this occasion ne

- introduced Chief Engineer Mrs. Sharniki.
- b. At the beginning of the meeting he declared that the Soviet Union would need 60,000 to 70,000 square meters of wire weavings in 1950. The representatives of the firms unanimously replied that it would be impossible to deliver such an amount considering the stipulations made by the Soviets (1. e. warp thread shifts not exceeding 90 microns). The small firms would fall out almost completely because they do not have the machinery needed for this precision work. At best a monthly production totaling 700 square meters could be expected.
- c. Sobolev then asked the firms to make suggestions regarding the production increase and it was stated that more than 100new looms would have to be set up, new houses built and especially many skilled weavers, hardly to be found, would have to be employed. The Terarlant in Leustadt alone would need 400 additional workmen before it could reach the recuired annual output.
- d. Sobolev then suggested that instead of the improved weaving of 10,000 mesh a weaving of 7,000 mesh per square centimeter be manufactured and a stronger wire used (a wire with a diameter of 0.050 to 0.055 mm.). The mesh width of this weaving would only be an insignificant change compared to the 10,000 mesh weaving and a larger amount with only few defects could be manufactured. The firms accepted this proposal but they did not consent to any commitments regarding the warp thread saifus as

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they did not have any previous experience in the manufacture of this weaving.

- e. Finally, agreement was reached to continue, in 1950, the groduction of the improved nickel wire weaving of 10,000 mesh per source centimeter with smitts not exceeding 90 microns and possibly to convert production to wasving of 7,000 mesh per source centimeter made of stronger wire, decending on the decision from lossow.
- 2. The firms were to take an immediate offer to the following address:

"If. Sobolev, chaimsn of the unit AFR 27 301."

- a. It is to be noted that Sobolev is an official of the Reparation Administration. Although the firms allegedly will no longer have to hake reparation deliveries it may nevertheless be assured that everything has remained as it wis before, i.e. production will still be delivered on reparation account.
- b. It was learned fro conversations with Sobolev, additor and Dedodov that the manufacture of vire weavings is still listed as first priority.
- c. A represent tive of the ministry of aconomy of the German Democratic Resublic also visited the Texa Firm in Neustadt and pointed out that the manufacture of weavings would be of greatest importance for the Soviet Union and thus also for the most verman equilic. All agencies would be instructed to remove whatever obstacles appear.
- d. The consumption of referral and the current production are under strict control. Even little the plant the wire may be passed on from one deportment to another one only on receipt.
- 3. If only 10,000## mesh weavings are actually produced in 1950 they will be manufactured only by the Tevan firm in acustadt/Orla and the Bader-schneider & Lenzner Firm in Leulenroda (% 51/K 03) as smaller firms cannot meet the requires tolerances. However, all firms so far resorted can again be assigned to the 7,000 mesh weaving ## production.
- I.. The 7%000 mesh weaving cannot be manufactured at present as the wire material was not supplied by the hettstedt (m 52/D 6L) monferrous Fetal Rolling Mill.

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